(All amounts in INR Lakh, unless otherwise stated)

| | Note | As at March 31, 2025 | As at March 31, 2024 |
|--|-------------|-------------------------|---|
| ASSETS | | · | · |
| Non-current assets | | | |
| Property, plant and equipment | 3 | 17.82 | 19.16 |
| Intangible assets | 4 | 3.50 | 5.70 |
| Financial assets | | | |
| i. Other financial assets | 5(a) | 1.18 22.50 | 49.71 74.5 7 |
| Total non-current assets | _ | 22.50 | 74.57 |
| Current assets | | | |
| Financial assets | | | |
| i. Other financial assets | 5(b) | - | 60.02 |
| ii. Trade receivables | 6 | 5.69 | 663.67 |
| iii. Cash and cash equivalents | 7 | 19.33 | 998.35 |
| Current tax assets (net) | 9 | 0.65 | 5.37 |
| Inventories Other current assets | 10 11 | - 5.10 | 250.53 6.66 |
| Total current assets | '' – | 30.77 | 1,984.60 |
| | = | 53.27 | |
| Total assets | _ | 53.27 | 2,059.17 |
| EQUITY AND LIABILITIES | | | |
| Equity | | | |
| Equity share capital | 12 | 249.97 | 249.97 |
| Other equity | 12 | 240.01 | 240.01 |
| Reserves and surplus | 13 | (502.84) | (439.15) |
| Total equity | | (252.87) | (189.19) |
| Liabilities | _ | | |
| Non current liabilities | | | |
| Financial liabilities | | | |
| i. Borrowings | 14(a) | 300.00 | 620.00 |
| Employee benefit obligations | 15 | - | 20.20 |
| Total non-current liabilities | _ | 300.00 | 640.20 |
| A 11 1 11111 | _ | | |
| Current liabilities | | | |
| Financial Liabilities i. Borrowings | 14(b) | | 680.00 |
| ii. Trade payables | 14(b) 16 | - | 680.00 |
| -Total outstanding dues of micro and small enterprises | 10 | | 35.93 |
| -Total outstanding dues of micro and small enterprises -Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises | | 2.49 | 654.46 |
| iii. Other financial liabilities | 17 | 3.29 | 79.14 |
| Employee benefit obligations | 18 | - | 0.83 |
| Other current liabilities | 19 | 0.36 | 157.79 |
| Total current liabilities | _ | 6.14 | 1,608.15 |
| | _ | | |
| Total liabilities | _ | 306.14 | 2,248.35 |
| Total equity and liabilities | _ | 53.27 | 2,059.17 |
| Summary of material accounting policies | 2 = | | _,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, |
| Carrinary or material accounting policies | | | |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

For and on behalf of the Board

As per our report of even date For R K Khanna & Co.
Chartered Accountants
FRN: 000033N

Navarathna Ranganath Rao SumanthGhanashyam Kamath KundapurAnbarasan RobinVipin BaliDirectorDirectorAuthorised SignatoryPartnerDIN: 10258250DIN: 09076606PAN: AEHPA2481EM.No. 083436Place: Delhi

CIN: U74899MH1985PLC285656

| Statement of profit and loss for the year ended March 31, 2025 | Note | (All amounts in INR Lak | For the year ended |
|--|------|-------------------------|--------------------|
| Revenue from operations | | March 31, 2025 | March 31, 2024 |
| Revenue from contract with customers | | _ | |
| Other income | 20 | 0.20 | _ |
| Total income | 20 | 0.20 | - |
| Expenses | | | |
| Depreciation and amortization expense | 21 | 3.54 | 3.54 |
| Finance costs | 22 | 32.80 | - |
| Other expenses | 23 | 8.18 | 9.35 |
| Total expenses | | 44.52 | 12.89 |
| Profit / (loss) before tax | | (44.32) | (12.89) |
| Tax expense | 24 | | |
| 1) Current tax | | - | - |
| 2) Deferred tax | | - | - |
| Total Tax expense | | - | - |
| Profit / (loss) for the year from continuing operations (after tax) (A) | | (44.32) | (12.89) |
| Profit / (loss) for the year from discontinued operations | 25 | (19.37) | (1,373.06) |
| Tax expenses of discontinued operations | | - | - |
| Profit / (loss) for the period from discontinued operations (after tax) (B) | | (19.37) | (1,373.06) |
| Profit/(loss) for the period (A+B) | | (63.69) | (1,385.95) |
| Other Comprehensive Income | | | |
| Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss | | | |
| Remeasurements of post-employment benefit obligations | | - | (5.94) |
| Other comprehensive profit/ (loss) for the year, net of tax | | | (5.94) |
| Total comprehensive income/ (loss) for the year | | (63.69) | (18.83) |
| Earnings per share (absolute figures) | 26 | | |
| Nominal value per share: INR 10/- (Previous year : INR 10/-) | | | |
| Earnings per share for continuing operations Basic and diluted | | (1.77) | (0.75) |
| Earnings per share for discontinued operations | | | |
| Basic and Diluted Earnings per share for continuing and discontinued operations | | (0.77) | (54.93) |
| Basic and Diluted | | (2.55) | (55.68) |
| Summary of material accounting policies | 2 | () | (- /) |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

For and on behalf of the Board

As per our report of even date For R K Khanna & Co.

Navarathna Ranganath Rao SumanthGhanashyam Kamath KundapurAnbarasan RobinVipin BaliDirectorDirectorAuthorised SignatoryPartnerDIN: 10258250DIN: 09076606PAN: AEHPA2481EM.No. 083436Place: Delhi

Place : Place : Date : Date :

For the year ended

| | March 31, 2025 M | arch 31, 2024 |
|--|------------------|---------------------------------------|
| A. Operating activities: | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |
| Profit/ (loss) before tax | | |
| Continued Operations | (44.32) | (12.89) |
| Discontinued Operations | (19.37) | (1,373.06) |
| Adjustments to reconcile profit before tax to net cash flows: | | |
| Depreciation and amortization expense | | |
| Continued Operations | 3.54 | 6.14 |
| Discontinued Operations | - | 1,155.77 |
| (Gain)/ loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment (net) | - | (1.33) |
| Provision for doubtful debts / advances | 16.13 | - |
| Interest income | | |
| Continued Operations | (0.20) | |
| Discontinued Operations | | (15.39) |
| Insurance claim -Discontinued Operations | - | (60.01) |
| Loss of inventory due to flood Discontinued Operations | - | 70.36 |
| Finance costs | 22.00 | |
| Continued Operations | 32.80 3.54 | 75.80 |
| Discontinued Operations | 3.34 | 75.60 |
| Operating profit before working capital changes | (7.88) | (154.61) |
| Change in working capital: | | |
| Increase/ (decrease) in trade payables | (687.90) | 689.60 |
| Increase/(Decrease) in Other financial liabilities | (10.92) | - |
| Increase/ (decrease) in other current liabilities | (157.43) | 168.63 |
| Increase/ (decrease) in employee benefit obligations | (21.03) | 15.09 |
| (Increase)/ decrease in trade receivables | 646.31 | (663.67) |
| (Increase)/ decrease in inventories | 250.53 | (260.89) |
| (Increase)/ decrease in other financial assets | 108.55 | (91.31) |
| (Increase)/ decrease in other current assets | (2.90) | (2.49) |
| Cash generated from operations | 117.33 | (299.65) |
| - Income tax paid | (1.11) | (5.37) |
| - Income tax refund | 5.83 | 0.64 |
| - Interest on Income tax refund | 0.20 | - |
| Net cash generated from operations | 122.25 | (304.39) |
| B. Investing activities: | _ | _ |
| Purchase of property, plant & equipment and other intangible assets | | (1,911.75) |
| Proceeds from sale of property, plant & equipment Proceeds from sale of property, plant & equipment | | 746.83 |
| Interest income | - | 15.39 |
| Proceeds from maturity of fixed deposits with bank | - | 1,185.00 |
| Fixed deposits made with bank | - | (40.00) |
| Net cash used in investing activities | <u> </u> | (4.53) |
| C. Financing activities: | | |
| Proceeds from borrowings from related party | 300.00 | 1,300.00 |
| Repayment of borrowings to related party | (1,300.00) | , - |
| Finance cost | (101.27) | (7.58) |
| Net cash (used in)/ from financing | (101.21) | (7.30) |
| activities | (1,101.27) | 1,292.42 |
| Net increase/ (decrease) in cash & cash equivalents | (979.02) | 983.50 |
| Net cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year | 998.35 | 14.85 |
| Cash and cash equivalents as at the end of the year (refer note 7) | 19.33 | 998.35 |
| Cash and cash equivalents comprise of the following Cash on hand | _ | _ |
| Balances with banks in current accounts | 19.33 | 998.35 |
| Cash and cash equivalents as per Balance Sheet | 19.33 | 998.35 |
| · | 10.00 | 330.33 |
| Summary of material accounting policie: 2 | | |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

For and on behalf of the Board

As per our report of even date For R K Khanna & Co.
Chartered Accountants

Anbarasan Robin Navarathna Ranganath Rao Sumanth Ghanashyam Kamath Kundapur Vipin Bali Director Director **Authorised Signatory** Partner DIN: 10258250 M.No. 083436 DIN: 09076606 PAN: AEHPA2481E Place : Delhi Place : Delhi Date: Date:

| A. Equity share capital | Notes | Amount | | | |
|---|-------|-------------------|---------------|-----------------|------------|
| As at April 1, 2023 | 12 | 249.97 | | | |
| Changes in Equity Share capital As at March 31, 2024 | 12 | 249.97 | | | |
| Changes in Equity Share capital | 12 | - | | | |
| As at March 31, 2025 | 12 | 249.97 | | | |
| B. Other equity | | | | | |
| | Note | Retained Earnings | Share premium | General reserve | Total |
| Balance as at April 1, 2023 | 13 | 948.79 | 2.00 | 1.95 | 952.74 |
| Profit/ (loss) for the year | | (1,385.95) | - | - | (1,385.95) |
| Other comprehensive income | | (5.94) | - | - | (5.94) |
| Total comprehensive income for the year | 13 | (1,391.89) | - | - | (1,391.89) |
| Balance at March 31, 2024 | 13 | (443.10) | 2.00 | 1.95 | (439.15) |
| Profit/ (loss) for the year | | (63.69) | - | - | (63.69) |
| Other comprehensive income | | - | - | - | - |
| Total comprehensive income for the year | 13 | (63.69) | - | - | (63.69) |
| Balance at March 31, 2025 | 13 | (506.79) | 2.00 | 1.95 | (502.84) |
| Summary of material accounting policies | 2 | | | | |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

For and on behalf of the Board

As per our report of even date For R K Khanna & Co. Chartered Accountants FRN: 000033N

Navarathna Ranganath Rao Sumanth Director DIN: 10258250

Place : Delhi Date :

Ghanashyam Kamath Kundapur Director

DIN: 09076606

Anbarasan Robin Authorised Signatory PAN: AEHPA2481E Vipin Bali Partner M.No. 083436

Place : Delhi Date:

CIN: U74899MH1985PLC285656

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2025

(All amounts in INR Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

1. Corporate Information

SAKS Ancillaries Ltd. is a Company incorporated under the provisions of the erstwhile Company Act, 1956 to engage in the business of manufacturing automotive press stamping parts and related activities. The promoter group holds 98.32% of the shareholding of the Company with Samvardhana Motherson Innovative Solutions Limited (SMISL) holding 58.11% and Samvardhana Motherson International Limited (SAMIL) holding 40.21% of the paid up share capital.

During the financial year 2023-24 the main objects clause of the Company was modified to include the following:

"To carry on the business of manufacturing, importing, exporting, contractors, sub-contractors for sheet metal pressed components, parts and assemblies, manufacturing of pressed tools and dies for heavy or light weight vehicles for automobile and general industry."

The Certificate of Registration confirming alteration of the Objects clause of the Memorandum of Association was issued on 23rd June 2023 by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs.

In the previous financial year, the Company created an infrastructure and carried out certain manufacturing operations and related activities in terms of the business objectives of the Company; however, towards the end of the previous year the company decided to discontinue with these specific activities and explore further business opportunities which have good potential in similar or different line of business.- further details at Note 25 - 'Discontinued operations'

2.1 Summary of material accounting policies

A. Basis of preparation

(i) Compliance with Ind AS

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards ("Ind AS") notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015. The accounting policies as set out below have been applied consistently to all years presented in these financial statements.

The financial statements are presented in INR lakh and all values are rounded to the nearest lakh, except when otherwise stated.

A substantial portion of the business operations of the Company commenced in the previous year and discontinued in the current year; the results of these operations are presented as 'Discontinued operations' with corresponding figures of the previous year reclassified to conform to current year classification between 'Discontinued operations' and 'Continued operations' - further details at Note 25 - 'Discontinued operations'.

(ii) Historical Cost Convention

These financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except, if required, for certain items that are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period, in accordance with Ind AS.

CIN: U74899MH1985PLC285656

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2025

(All amounts in INR Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

(iii) Current versus non-current classification

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current/ non-current classification.

An asset is treated as current when it is:

- Expected to be realized or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle
- Held primarily for the purpose of trading
- Expected to be realized within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

 All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is current when:

- It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle
- It is held primarily for the purpose of trading
- It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

The Company classifies all other liabilities as non-current.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities.

The operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realization in cash and cash equivalents. The Company has identified twelve months as its operating cycle.

B. Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, Plant and Equipment are stated at cost, net of accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any, except assets costing less than INR 5000 charged to expenses. Capital work in progress is stated at cost, net of accumulated impairment losses, if any. Such cost includes expenditure, net of any subsequent sale proceeds of items produced over the cost of testing, that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items and the cost of replacing part of the plant and equipment and borrowing costs for long-term construction projects if the recognition criteria are met. When significant parts of plant and equipment are required to be replaced at intervals, the Company depreciates them separately based on their specific useful lives. Likewise, when a major inspection is performed, its cost is recognized in the carrying amount of the plant and equipment as a replacement if the recognition criteria are satisfied. All other repair and maintenance costs are recognized in profit or loss as incurred.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognized.

The cost of self-generated assets comprises of raw material, components, direct labour, other direct cost and related production overheads.

CIN: U74899MH1985PLC285656

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2025

(All amounts in INR Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Depreciation methods, estimated useful lives and residual value

Depreciation on fixed assets is provided from the month the asset is ready for commercial production on a pro-rata basis on the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets, as determined by the management or at the useful life prescribed under Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013, whichever is lower as follows:

| Assets | Useful life |
|---|-------------|
| Plant & Machinery, Factory Equipments | 7.5 years |
| Plant & Machinery (Rack, Stand & Trolley) | 1 year |
| Computers | 3 years |
| Vehicles | 8 years |
| Furniture and Fixtures | 6 years |
| Office Equipments | 5 years |
| Factory Building | 30 years |

C. Intangible assets

Intangible assets are stated as acquisition cost, net of accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Intangible assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives. The amortization period and the amortization method are reviewed at least at each financial year end. If the expected useful life of the asset is significantly different from previous estimates, the amortization period is changed accordingly. Gains or losses arising from the retirement or disposal of an intangible asset are determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and recognized as income or expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss. The useful life adopted is:

| Assets | Useful life |
|----------|-------------|
| Software | 3 years |

D. Inventory Valuation

Raw materials and stores, work in progress, traded and finished goods are stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value.

Cost of raw material and traded goods comprise cost of purchase and is determined after rebate and discounts. Cost of work in progress and finished goods comprises direct materials, direct labour and an appropriate proportion of variable and fixed overhead expenditure, the latter being allocated on the basis of normal operating capacity.

Cost of inventories also includes all other cost incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Costs are determined on weighted average cost basis.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

E. Revenue Recognition

Effective April 1, 2018, the Company has adopted Ind AS 115, Revenue from Contracts with Customers', with a modified retrospective approach. The management has evaluated the implications of implementation of new standard on its revenue.

CIN: U74899MH1985PLC285656

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2025

(All amounts in INR Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

This Ind AS introduces a new five-step approach to measuring and recognizing revenue from contracts with customers. Under Ind AS 115, revenue recognized at an amount that reflects the consideration to which an entity expects to be entitled in exchange for services to customer.

F. Retirement and other benefits of employees

The Company makes regular contribution to the state administered Provident fund and ESI which is charged to revenue. The Company accounts for the net present value of its obligations for gratuity benefits, based on an independent actuarial valuation, determined on the basis of the projected unit credit method, carried out as at the Balance Sheet date. In respect of gratuity, the company funds the benefit through annual contributions to Life Insurance Corporation of India (LIC) under its group gratuity scheme. Actuarial gains and losses are recognised immediately in the other comprehensive income and reflected in retained earnings and will not be reclassified to the statement of profit and loss.

G. Taxation

Current Tax

Current Tax is provided on the basis of tax payable on estimated taxable income computed in accordance with the applicable provisions of Income Tax Act, 1961 after considering the benefits available under the said Act.

Deferred Taxes

In accordance with Ind AS 12- "Income Taxes", the deferred tax for timing differences between the book and tax profits for the year is accounted for using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted as of the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax assets are recognized only to the extent there is reasonable certainty that the assets can be realized in the future; however, where there is unabsorbed depreciation or carried forward loss under taxation laws, deferred tax assets are recognized only if there is virtual certainty of realization of such assets.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realized, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the Balance Sheet date.

H. Foreign exchange transactions

Transactions involving foreign currencies are recorded at the exchange rate prevailing on the transaction date. As at the reporting date, non-monetary items which are carried in terms of historical cost denominated in a foreign currency are reported using the exchange rate at the date of transaction. Foreign currency monetary items are translated at the exchange rate prevailing at the balance sheet date and the gain/loss arising on such translation is charged to the profit and loss account. Premium or discount arising at the inception of a forward exchange contact is amortized as expense or income over the life of contact.

I. Borrowing cost

The borrowing costs on funds other than those directly attributable to the acquisition of a qualifying asset i.e., an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use, is charged to revenue in the period in which they are incurred.

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Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2025

(All amounts in INR Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

The borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets are capitalized as part of the cost of that asset.

J. Earnings per equity share (EPS)

The earnings considered in ascertaining the company's EPS comprises the net profit after tax (and includes the post tax effect of any extra ordinary items) attributable to equity shareholders. The number of shares used in computing Basic EPS is the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year. The diluted EPS is calculated on the same basis as basic EPS, after adjusting the effect of potential dilutive equity shares.

K. Impairment of assets

Impairment loss, if any, is provided to the extent, the carrying amount of assets exceeds their recoverable amount. Recoverable amount is higher of an asset's net selling price, and its value in use. Value in use is the present value of estimated future cash flows expected to arise from the continuing use of an asset and from its disposal at the end of its useful life.

L. Provisions, contingent liabilities, contingent assets and onerous contracts

Provisions

A provision is recognized when there is a present obligation as a result of a past event, and it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and in respect of which reliable estimate can be made. A disclosure for a contingent liability is made when there is a possible obligation or a present obligation that may, but probably will not, require an outflow of resources. Where there is a possible obligation or a present obligation in respect of which the likelihood of outflow of resources is remote, no provision or disclosure is made.

Onerous contracts

If the Company has a contract that is onerous, the present obligation under the contract is recognized and measured as a provision. However, before a separate provision for an onerous contract is established, the Company recognizes any impairment loss that has occurred on assets dedicated to that contract.

M. Financial Instruments:

Financial Assets:

Classification

The Company classifies financial assets as subsequently measured at amortised cost, fair value through other comprehensive income or fair value through profit or loss on the basis of its business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset.

Initial Recognition and measurement:

All financial assets (not measured subsequently at fair value through profit or loss) are recognised initially at fair value plus transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within a time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place (regular way trades)

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Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2025

(All amounts in INR Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

are recognised on the trade date, i.e., the date that the Company commits to purchase or sell the asset.

Debt instruments at amortised cost

A 'debt instrument' is measured at the amortised cost if both the following conditions are met:

- a) The asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets for collecting contractual cash flows, and
- b) Contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding.

After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included in finance income in the Statement of Profit and Loss. The losses arising from impairment are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss. This category generally applies to loans and advances, deposits, trade and other receivables.

Debt instruments included within the fair value through profit and loss (FVPL) category are measured at fair value with all changes recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Equity investments

All equity investments in scope of Ind-AS 109 are measured at fair value. Equity instruments which are held for trading are classified as at FVPL. Investment in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates are carried at cost less impairment, if any. For all other equity instruments, the Company decides to classify the same either as at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI) or FVPL. The Company makes such election on an instrument-by-instrument basis. The classification is made on initial recognition and is irrevocable.

For equity instruments classified as FVOCI, all fair value changes on the instrument, excluding dividends, are recognized in other comprehensive income (OCI). There is no recycling of the amounts from OCI to the Statement of Profit and Loss, even on sale of such investments.

Equity instruments included within the FVPL category are measured at fair value with all changes recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Derecognition

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognized (i.e. removed from the Company's balance sheet) when:

- The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or
- The Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement; and either:
- (a) The Company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or

CIN: U74899MH1985PLC285656

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2025

(All amounts in INR Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

(b) The Company has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if and to what extent it has retained the risks and rewards of ownership. When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all of the risks and rewards of the asset, nor transferred control of the asset, the Company continues to recognize the transferred asset to the extent of the Company's continuing involvement. In that case, the Company also recognizes an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Company has retained.

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Company could be required to repay.

Impairment of financial assets

In accordance with Ind-AS 109, the Company applies Expected Credit Loss (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss on the following financial assets and credit risk exposure:

- a) Financial assets that are debt instruments, and are measured at amortised cost e.g., loans, debt securities, deposits, and bank balance.
- b) Trade receivables.

The Company follows 'simplified approach' for recognition of impairment loss allowance on trade receivables which do not contain a significant financing component.

The application of simplified approach does not require the Company to track changes in credit risk. Rather, it recognizes impairment loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each Balance Sheet date, right from its initial recognition.

Financial Liabilities

Classification

The Company classifies all financial liabilities as subsequently measured at amortised cost, except for financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. Such liabilities, including derivatives that are liabilities, shall be subsequently measured at fair value

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, loans and borrowings, payables, or as derivatives designated as hedging instruments in an effective hedge, as appropriate.

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

The Company's financial liabilities include trade and other payables, loans and borrowings including bank overdrafts, financial guarantee contracts and derivative financial instruments.

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Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2025

(All amounts in INR Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss. Financial liabilities are classified as held for trading if they are incurred for the purpose of repurchasing in the near term. This category also includes derivative financial instruments entered into by the Company that are not designated as hedging instruments in hedge relationships as defined by Ind-AS 109. Separated embedded derivatives are also classified as held for trading unless they are designated as effective hedging instruments.

Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss are designated at the initial date of recognition, and only if the criteria in Ind-AS 109 are satisfied. For liabilities designated as FVPL, fair value gains/ losses attributable to changes in own credit risk are recognized in OCI. These gains/losses are not subsequently transferred to the Statement of Profit and Loss. However, the Company may transfer the cumulative gain or loss within equity. All other changes in fair value of such liability are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss. The Company has not designated any financial liability as at fair value through profit or loss.

Loans and borrowings

After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method. Gains and losses are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss when the liabilities are derecognized.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included as finance costs in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

This category generally applies to interest-bearing loans and borrowings.

De-recognition

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

Equity instruments

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Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2025

(All amounts in INR Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Company are recognized at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Repurchase of the Company's own equity instruments is recognized and deducted directly in equity. No gain or loss is recognized in Statement of Profit and Loss on the purchase, sale, issue or cancellation of the Company's own equity instruments.

Fair value measurement

The Company measures financial instruments, such as, derivatives at fair value at each balance sheet date. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability.

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Company.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which

sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximizing the use of relevant observable inputs and minimizing the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorized within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1 Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable
- Level 3 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.

For assets and liabilities that are recognized in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Company determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorization (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

The Company determines the policies and procedures for both recurring fair value measurement, such as derivative instruments and unquoted financial assets measured at fair

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Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2025

(All amounts in INR Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

value, and for non-recurring measurement, such as assets held for distribution in discontinued operations.

External valuers are involved for valuation of significant assets and liabilities, if any. At each reporting date, the Company analyses the movements in the values of assets and liabilities which are required to be remeasured or re-assessed as per the Company's accounting policies.

N. Leases-Ind AS 116

The determination of whether an arrangement is (or contains) a lease is based on the substance of the arrangement at the inception of the lease. The arrangement is, or contains, a lease if fulfillment of the arrangement is dependent on the use of a specific asset or assets and the arrangement conveys a right to use the asset or assets, even if that right is not explicitly specified in an arrangement.

As a Lessee

The company applies a single recognition and measurement approach for all leases, except for short-term leases and leases of low-value assets. The company recognizes lease liabilities to make lease payments and right-of-use assets representing the right to use the underlying assets.

i) Right-of-use assets

The company recognizes right-of-use assets at the commencement date of the lease (i.e., the date the underlying asset is available for use). Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for any re-measurement of lease liabilities. The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognized, initial direct costs incurred, and lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received. Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term and the estimated useful lives of the assets, as follows:

· Building: 5 years

Machineries: 1 to 6 yearsMotor vehicles: 1 to 6 years

If ownership of the leased asset transfers to the company at the end of the lease term or the cost reflects the exercise of a purchase option, depreciation is calculated using the estimated useful life of the asset.

ii) Lease Liabilities

At the commencement date of the lease, the company recognises lease liabilities measured at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. The lease payments include fixed payments (including in substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, and amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees. The lease payments also include the exercise price of a purchase option reasonably certain to be exercised by the Company and payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the Company exercising the option to terminate. Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognised as expenses (unless they are incurred to produce inventories) in the period in which the event or condition that triggers the payment occurs.

In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Company uses its incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date because the interest rate implicit in the lease

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Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2025

(All amounts in INR Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

is not readily determinable. After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is re-measured if there is a modification, a change in the lease term, a change in the lease payments (e.g., changes to future payments resulting from a change in an index or rate used to determine such lease payments) or a change in the assessment of an option to purchase the underlying asset.

iii) Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets

The company applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to its short-term leases of vehicles (i.e., those leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option). It also applies the lease of low-value assets recognition exemption to leases of office equipment that is considered to be low value. Lease payments on short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognized as expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

As a Lessor

Lease income from operating leases where the Company is a lessor is recognised in income on a straight-line basis over the lease term unless the receipts are structured to increase in line with expected general inflation to compensate the lessor for the expected inflationary cost increases. The respective leased assets are included in the balance sheet based on their respective nature.

2.2 New and amended Standards

The Ministry of Corporate Affairs has notified Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2023 dated 31 March 2023 to amend the following Ind AS which are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 April 2023. The Company applied for the first-time these amendments.

(i) Definition of Accounting Estimates - Amendments to Ind AS 8

The amendments clarify the distinction between changes in accounting estimates and changes in accounting policies and the correction of errors. It has also been clarified how entities use measurement techniques and inputs to develop accounting estimates.

The amendments had no impact on the Company's standalone financial statements.

(ii) Disclosure of Accounting Policies - Amendments to Ind AS 1

The amendments aim to help entities provide accounting policy disclosures that are more useful by replacing the requirement for entities to disclose their 'significant' accounting policies with a requirement to disclose their 'material' accounting policies and adding guidance on how entities apply the concept of materiality in making decisions about accounting policy disclosures.

The amendments have had an impact on the Company's disclosures of accounting policies, but not on the measurement, recognition or presentation of any items in the Company's financial statements.

(iii) Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction - Amendments to Ind AS 12

The amendments narrow the scope of the initial recognition exception under Ind AS 12, so that it no longer applies to transactions that give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences such as leases.

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Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2025

(All amounts in INR Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

The Company previously recognized for deferred tax on leases on a net basis. As a result of these amendments, the Company has recognized a separate deferred tax asset in relation to its lease liabilities and a deferred tax liability in relation to its right-of-use assets. Since, these balances qualify for offset as per the requirements of paragraph 74 of Ind AS 12, there is no impact in the balance sheet. There was also no impact on the opening retained earnings as at 1 April 2022.

(All amounts in INR Lakh, unless otherwise stated)

3. Property, plant and equipment

| Particulars | Land | Building | Plant and machinery | Motor vehicles - Cars | Office equipment | Computers | Total | Capital work-in- progress |
|--|-------|----------|------------------------|--------------------------|------------------|-----------|----------|------------------------------|
| Gross carrying amount | | | | | | | | |
| As at April 1, 2023 | 12.89 | 17.05 | _ | _ | _ | _ | 29.94 | _ |
| Additions | - | - | 727.77 | 17.84 | 1.80 | 69.86 | 817.27 | 10.28 |
| Disposals | _ | _ | (721.22) | | (1.80) | (69.86) | (810.72) | |
| As at March 31, 2024 | 12.89 | 17.05 | 6.55 | | - (| (******) | 36.49 | (|
| Additions | - | - | - | | _ | - | - | _ |
| Disposals (Refer Note) | _ | - | - | - | - | - | _ | - |
| As at March 31, 2025 | 12.89 | 17.05 | 6.55 | - | - | - | 36.49 | |
| Accumulated depreciation | | | | | | | | |
| As at April 1, 2023 | _ | 9.44 | _ | _ | _ | _ | 9.44 | _ |
| Charge for the year | _ | 1.34 | 69.11 | 0.97 | 0.16 | 5.90 | 77.48 | _ |
| Disposals | _ | | (68.48) | (0.97) | | (5.90) | (75.51) | _ |
| Impairment | | - | 5.92 | , | | - ' | 5.92 | |
| As at March 31, 2024 | - | 10.78 | 6.55 | - | - | - | 17.33 | |
| Charge for the year | - | 1.34 | - | - | - | - | 1.34 | - |
| Disposals | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Impairment | | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| As at March 31, 2025 | - | 12.12 | 6.55 | - | - | - | 18.67 | - |
| Net carrying amount as at March 31, 2024 | 12.89 | 6.27 | _ | _ | _ | - | 19.16 | - |
| Net carrying amount as at March 31, 2025 | 12.89 | 4.93 | - | | - | - | 17.82 | _ |

Note: During the previous financial year, i.e. year ended March 2024, a substantial portion of the property, plant and equipment has been sold at year end as part of restructuring of the business activities of the Company.

3.1. Ageing schedule for capital work-in-progress:

| | | Amount in CWIP for a period of | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------------|-----------|-------------------|-------|--|--|
| Particulars | Less than 1 year | 1-2 years | 2-3 years | More than 3 years | Total | | |
| As at 31 March 2025 | | | | | | | |
| Projects in progress | - | - | - | - | - | | |
| Projects temporarily suspended | - | - | - | - | - | | |
| Total | - | - | - | - | - | | |
| As at 31 March 2024 | | | | | | | |
| Projects in progress | 10.28 | - | - | - | 10.2 | | |
| Projects temporarily suspended | - | - | - | - | - | | |
| | 10.28 | | | | 10.2 | | |

4. Intangible assets

| Particulars | Non-compete fee | Technical assistance license | Software | Total |
|--|-----------------|---------------------------------|----------|----------|
| Gross carrying amount | | | | |
| As at April 1, 2023 | _ | - | - | - |
| Additions | 575.00 | 500.00 | 6.60 | 1,081.60 |
| Disposals | - | - | - | |
| Other adjustment | - | - | - | - |
| As at March 31, 2024 | 575.00 | 500.00 | 6.60 | 1,081.60 |
| Additions | - | - | - | |
| Disposals | _ | - | - | _ |
| Other adjustment | _ | - | - | - |
| As at March 31, 2025 | 575.00 | 500.00 | 6.60 | 1,081.60 |
| Accumulated amortisation and impairment | | | | |
| As at April 1, 2023 | _ | - | - | - |
| Amortisation charge for the year | 127.78 | 20.83 | 0.90 | 149.5 |
| Disposals | | - | - 1 | - |
| Impairment | 447.22 | 479.17 | - | 926.3 |
| As at March 31, 2024 | 575.00 | 500.00 | 0.90 | 1,075.9 |
| Amortisation charge for the year | | - | 2.20 | 2.2 |
| Disposals | - 1 | - | - | - |
| As at March 31, 2025 | 575.00 | 500.00 | 3.10 | 1,078.10 |
| Net carrying amount as at March 31, 2024 | _ | - | 5.70 | 5.70 |
| Net carrying amount as at March 31, 2025 | _ | - | 3.50 | 3.50 |

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Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2025 (All amounts in INR Lakh, unless otherwise stated)

| 5(a) Other | financial | assets |
|------------|-----------|--------|
|------------|-----------|--------|

March 31, 2025 March 31, 2024 (Unsecured, considered good) Non-current Non-current Security Deposits 1.18 49.71 Total 49.71 5(b) Other financial assets (Unsecured, considered good) March 31, 2025 March 31, 2024 current current 60.01 Others - Insurance claim receivable Total 60.01 6. Trade receivables March 31, 2025 March 31, 2024

Current Current Trade receivables Unsecured, considered good 5.69 663.67 Trade Receivables - credit impaired 11.67 663.67 17.36 Less: Allowances for credit impaired (11.67)663.67 Total

6.1 Ageing schedule for Trade receivables:

| | | Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment | | | | | |
|--|---------|--|----------------------|-----------|-----------|-------------------|---------|
| Particulars | Not due | Less than 6 Months | 6 months – 1 year | 1-2 years | 2-3 years | More than 3 years | Total |
| As at 31 March 2025 | | | | | | | |
| Undisputed Trade Receivables – considered good | - | 5.69 | | - | - | - | 5.69 |
| Undisputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Undisputed Trade receivable – credit impaired | - | - | - | 11.67 | - | _ | 11.67 |
| Disputed Trade receivables - considered good | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Disputed Trade receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Disputed Trade receivables – credit impaired | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Less: Allowances for credit impaired | | | | (11.67) | | | (11.67) |
| Total _ | - | 5.69 | - | 11.67 | - | - | 5.69 |
| As at 31 March 2024 | | | | | | | |
| Undisputed Trade Receivables – considered good | 505.75 | 157.92 | - | | - | - | 663.67 |
| Undisputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Undisputed Trade receivable - credit impaired | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Disputed Trade receivables - considered good | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Disputed Trade receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Disputed Trade receivables – credit impaired | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Total | 505.75 | 157.92 | | - | | | 663.67 |

7. Cash and cash equivalent

| sii anu casii equivalent | March 31, 2025 | March 31, 2024 |
|--|----------------|----------------|
| Balances with banks: | | · · · · · · |
| in current accounts deposits with original maturity of less than three months | 19.33 | 998.35 - |
| Cash on hand | _ | - |
| Total | 19.33 | 998.35 |

For the year ended March 31, 2025

| Particulars | April 1, 2024 | Cash flow | Non-cash items | March 31, 2025 |
|--|---------------|------------|----------------|----------------|
| Current borrowings | - | - | - | - |
| Non- current borrowings (including current maturities) | 1,300.00 | (1,000.00) | - | 300.00 |
| Total liabilities from financing activities | 1,300.00 | (1,000.00) | - | 300.00 |
| | | | | |

For the year ended March 31, 2024

| 1 of the year ended March 31, 2024 | | | | |
|--|---------------|-----------|----------------|----------------|
| Particulars | April 1, 2023 | Cash flow | Non-cash items | March 31, 2024 |
| Current borrowings | - | - | - | - |
| Non- current borrowings (including current maturities) | - | 1,300.00 | - | 1,300.00 |
| Total liabilities from financing activities | | 1,300.00 | | 1,300.00 |

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Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2025 (All amounts in INR Lakh, unless otherwise stated)

| Deferred tax assets / liabilities (Net) | | | March 31, 2025 | March 31, 2024 |
|---|---------------------------|--|---|--------------------------|
| Deferred tax assets Property, plant and equipment and other intangible assets Employee benefit provisions | | | 178.10 | 236.01 7.93 |
| Carried forward loss | | | 69.56 | 106.07 |
| Total deferred tax assets | | | 247.66 | 350.01 |
| Net deferred tax assets/ (liabilities) | | | 247.66 | 350.01 |
| Less : Unrecognised deferred tax assets * Net deferred tax assets | | | (247.66) | (350.01) |
| Year ended March 31, 2025 | | | | |
| | As at April 1, 2024 | (Charge)/ credit to Statement of Profit and Loss | (Charge)/ credit to other comprehensive income | As at March 31, 2025 |
| Property, plant and equipment and other intangible | 236.01 | (57.91) | | 178.10 |
| assets Employee benefit provisions | 236.01 7.93 | ` , | _ | _ |
| Carried forward loss | 106.07 | 69.56 | <u>-</u> | 69.56 |
| Others/provision for doubtful debt | = | 4.06 | - | 178.10 |
| Total deferred tax assets | 350.01 | 15.71 | - | 425.76 |
| Net deferred tax assets/ (liabilities) Less: Unrecognised deferred tax assets * Net deferred tax assets | 350.01 (350.01) | 15.71 (15.71) | - - | 425.76 (425.76 |
| Year ended March 31, 2024 | | | | |
| | As at April 1, 2023 | (Charge)/ credit to Statement of Profit and Loss | (Charge)/ credit to other comprehensive income | As at March 31, 2024 |
| Property, plant and equipment and other intangible assets | | 236.01 | | 236.01 |
| Employee benefit provisions | - | 6.44 | 1.49 | 7.93 |
| Carried forward loss | - | 106.07 | <u>-</u> | 106.07 |
| Total deferred tax liabilities | (050.04) | 348.52 | 1.49 | 350.01 |
| Net deferred tax assets/ (liabilities) Less: Unrecognised deferred tax assets * | (350.01) 350.01 | 348.52 (348.52) | 1.49 (1.49) | 350.01 (350.01) |
| Net deferred tax assets | 350.01 | (346.32) | (1.49) | (330.01) |

^{*} In absence of virtual certainty of sufficient taxable profit in the near future to realize the entire deferred tax assets, the same have not been recognised.

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Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2025

(All amounts in INR Lakh, unless otherwise stated)

| urrent tax assets (net) | March 31, 2025 | March 31, 2024 |
|---|----------------|----------------|
| Tax assets | | |
| Opening balance | 5.37 | 0.64 |
| Less: Current tax payable for the year | - | - |
| Add: TDS for Current year | 0.65 | 5.37 |
| Add: TDS for earlier year | 0.46 | - |
| Less: Refund received | (5.83) | (0.64) |
| Closing balance | 0.65 | 5.37 |
| Tax liabilities | | |
| Provision for current tax (net) - current | - | - |
| . , | | - |

10. Inventories

| | March 31, 2025 | March 31, 2024 |
|------------------|----------------|----------------|
| Raw materials | - | 183.59 |
| Work-in-progress | - | 55.13 |
| Finished goods | | 11.81 |
| Total | - | 250.53 |

Note: Inventory worth INR 70.36 lakhs was damaged as a result of a flood that took place on December 3, 2023. An insurance claim was lodged with the Insurance company on December 5, 2023 which was settled for INR 60.01 lakhs on April 2, 2024 and another INR 7 lakh realised through sale of scrap.

11. Other current assets

| (Unsecured, considered good, unless otherwise stated) | March 31, 2025 | March 31, 2024 |
|---|----------------|----------------|
| Prepaid expenses | - | 3.42 |
| Advances to suppliers | 4.46 | 3.24 |
| Less: Provision for advance to suppliers | (4.46) | |
| Balances with government authorities | 5.10 | - |
| Total | 5.10 | 6.66 |

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Add: Issued during the year As at March 31, 2025

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2025

(All amounts in INR Lakh, unless otherwise stated)

| 12. Equity share capital | | |
|--|----------------|----------------|
| | March 31, 2025 | March 31, 2024 |
| Authorised: | | |
| 30,00,000 (March 31, 2023: 30,00,000) Equity shares of INR 10/- each | 300.00 | 300.00 |
| Issued, Subscribed and Paid up: | | |
| 24,99,650 (March 31, 2023 : 24,99,650) equity shares of INR 10/- each | 249.97 | 249.97 |
| 24,99,000 (March 51, 2025 : 24,99,000) equity shares of fink 10/- each | 243.31 | 243.31 |
| | 249.97 | 249.97 |
| a. Movement in equity share capital | | |
| a. moromoni modani, onaro sapital | Numbers | Amount |
| As at April 01, 2023 | 24,99,650 | 249.97 |
| Add: Issued during the year | - | - |
| As at March 31, 2024 | 24.99.650 | 249.97 |

The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of INR 10/- per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share.

b. Details of shares held by shareholders holding more than 5% of the aggregate sha<u>res in the Company.</u>

| | March 31, 2 | March 31, 2025 | |)24 |
|--|-------------|----------------|-----------|--------|
| | Nos. | % | Nos. | % |
| Equity shares: | | | | |
| Samvardhana Motherson International Limited (formerly known as | 10,05,084 | 40.21% | 10,05,084 | 40.21% |
| Motherson Sumi Systems Limited) | | | | |
| Samvardhana Motherson Innovative Solutions Limited* | 14,52,690 | 58.12% | 14,52,690 | 58.12% |

24,99,650

March 24 2025

Morob 24 2024

249.97

c. Details of shareholding of promoters group

As at 31 March 2025

| AS at 31 Warch 2025 | | | | | |
|--|------------------|---------------|-----------------|-------------------|---------------------|
| Particulars | No of shares at | | No of shares at | | |
| | the beginning of | Change during | the end of the | | % change during the |
| | the year | the year | year | % of Total Shares | year^ |
| Samvardhana Motherson International Limited (formerly known as | | | | | |
| Motherson Sumi Systems Limited) (Ultimate Holding Company) | 10,05,084 | - | 10,05,084 | 40.21% | - |
| Samvardhana Motherson Innovative Solutions Limited*(Holding | | | | | |
| Company) | 14,52,690 | - | 14,52,690 | 58.12% | - |
| Total | 24.57.774 | - | 24.57.774 | 98.32% | |

As at 31 March 2024

| Postinulare | No of shares at the beginning of | Change during | No of shares at the end of the | | % change during the |
|--|-------------------------------------|---------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------|
| Particulars | the year | the year | year | % of Total Shares | year^ |
| Samvardhana Motherson International Limited (formerly known as | | | | | |
| Motherson Sumi Systems Limited) (Ultimate Holding Company) | 10,05,084 | - | 10,05,084 | 40.21% | - |
| Samvardhana Motherson Innovative Solutions Limited*(Holding | | | | | |
| Company) | 14,52,690 | - | 14,52,690 | 58.11% | - |
| Total | 24,57,774 | - | 24,57,774 | 98.32% | |

^{*} Including 500 shares held by nominees

13. Reserves and surplus

| | March 31, 2025 | March 31, 2024 |
|----------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| | (=====) | / |
| Retained earnings | (506.79) | (443.10) |
| Share premium | 2.00 | 2.00 |
| General reserve | 1.95 | 1.95 |
| Total reserves and surplus | (502.84) | (439.15) |

Retained earnings

| | Watch 31, 2023 | March 31, 2024 |
|--|----------------|----------------|
| Opening balance | (443.10) | 948.79 |
| Profit / (loss) for the year | (63.69) | (1,385.95) |
| Remeasurements of post-employment benefit obligation, net of tax | - | (5.94) |
| Closing balance | (506.79) | (443.10) |
| | | |

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Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2025 (All amounts in INR Lakh, unless otherwise stated)

| 14 (a) Non Current Borrowings | Non-curre | ent Portion | Current M | aturities |
|-------------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| | As at | As at | As at | As at |
| | March 31, 2025 | March 31, 2024 | March 31, 2025 | March 31, 2024 |
| Unsecured | | | | |
| Loan from related parties * | 300.00 | 620.00 | - | 680.00 |
| Total | 300.00 | 620.00 | - | 680.00 |

*During the year a loan of INR 300 lakhs was taken from Motherson Auto Solutions Limited on February 12, 2025 @ 9.25% p.a.p.m. and is due for repayment on 31st July 2028 with an option for prepayment. Interest shall be paid at the end of the loan tenure or principal repayment whichever is earlier. The loan was obtained to discharge the Company's debt liabilities.

*In the previous year, loan of INR 800 lakhs was taken from Samvardhana Motherson International Limited (SAMIL) on August 01, 2023 @9.5% p.a.p.m. repayable after 5 years and prepayable if both the parties consent. Further loan of INR 500 lakh was taken from SAMIL on October 05, 2023 at same terms and conditions. Entire loan of INR 1300 lakhs was prepaid during the year.

| 14(b) | Current borrowings | | |
|--------|---|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| | | As at March 31, 2025 | As at March 31, 2024 |
| | Unsecured Current maturities of long term debt [refer note 14(a)] | - | 680.00 |
| | TOTAL | - | 680.00 |
| 16. Tı | rade payables | March 04 0005 | March 04 0004 |
| | Total outstanding dues of micro and small enterprises (refer note 33) Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises | March 31, 2025 | March 31, 2024 35.93 |
| | Related parties (refer note 31) Others | 2.49 | 80.81 573.65 |
| | Total | 2.49 | 690.39 |

Ageing schedule for Trade payables:

Employee benefits payable

| | | Outstand | ing for following p | eriods from due date o | of payment | |
|---|---------|------------------|---------------------|------------------------|-------------------|--------|
| Particulars | Not due | Less than 1 year | 1-2 years | 2-3 years | More than 3 years | Total |
| As at 31 March 2025 | | | | | • | |
| Total outstanding dues of micro and small enterprises | 0.81 | | - | - | - | 0.81 |
| Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises | - | 1.68 | - | - | - | 1.68 |
| Disputed dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Disputed dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises | | - | - | - | - | - |
| Total | 0.81 | 1.68 | - | - | - | 2.49 |
| As at 31 March 2024 | | | | | | |
| Total outstanding dues of micro and small enterprises | 34.97 | 0.96 | _ | _ | - | 35.93 |
| Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises | 479.20 | 175.26 | _ | _ | - | 654.46 |
| Disputed dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises | _ | _ | - | _ | - | _ |
| Disputed dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 17. Other financial liabilities | | | | | | |
| | | | | March 31, 2025 | March 31, 2024 | |
| Interest accrued on borrowings but not due | | | | 3.29 | 68.22 | |
| | | | | | | |

Total

10.92 **79.14**

3.29

(All amounts in INR Lakh, unless otherwise stated)

| tobligations | Marc | h 31, 2025 | March 31, 2 | 2024 |
|--------------|---------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| | Current | Non-current | Current | Non-current |
| | - | - | 0.07 | 13.32 |
| | _ | _ | 0.76 | 6.88 |

0.83

20.20

The long term defined employee benefits and contribution schemes of the Company are as under:

A. Defined Benefit Schemes

Gratuity

Total

Every employee is entitled to a benefit equivalent to fifteen days' salary last drawn for each completed year of service in line with the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972. The same is payable at the time of separation from the Company or retirement, whichever is earlier. The benefits vest after five years of continuous service.

The reconciliation of opening and closing balances of the present value of the defined benefit obligations are as below:

| Obligations at year beginning March 31, 2025 March 31, 2025 March 31, 2025 March 31, 2025 Acquisity and profession of the pear increase expense Comment of the pear increase expense Company to the pear increase expense expenser Company to the pear increase expenser Company to th | (i) Present Value of Defined Benefit Obligation | For the year | r ended |
|--|---|----------------|----------------|
| Service Cost - Current | - | March 31, 2025 | March 31, 2024 |
| Interest expense | Obligations at year beginning | - | - |
| Acquaint recognised in profit or loss | Service Cost - Current | - | 7.45 |
| Amount recognised in profit or loss | | - | - |
| Remeasurements Catural (gain) / loss from change in demographic assumption/financial assumptions 0.17 Experience (gain)/ loss from change in demographic assumption/financial assumptions - 0.17 Experience (gain)/ loss from change in demographic assumption/financial assumptions - 5.78 Payment from plan: - - Benefit payments - - - Obligations at year end - | | | |
| Actuarial (gain) / loss from change in demographic assumption/financial assumptions - 0.17 Experience (gains)/losses - 5.77 Amount recognised in other comprehensive income - 5.94 Payment from plan: - - Benefit payments - - Obligations at year end - - (ii) Assets and Liabilities recognized in the Balance Sheet - - Present value of the defined benefit obligations - 13.39 Present value of the plan assets - - 13.39 Amount recognized as Liability - 13.39 (iii) Defined benefit obligations cost for the year: For the year - well and year of the year of year of the year of the year of y | Amount recognised in profit or loss | - | 7.45 |
| Experience (gains)/losses - 5.77 Amount recognised in other comprehensive income - 5.94 Payment from plan: Senefit payments 3.33 Obligations at year end - 13.39 (ii) Assets and Liabilities recognized in the Balance Sheet As at March 31, 2025 March 31, 2025 March 31, 2024 Present value of the defined benefit obligations - 13.39 - 13.39 Fair value of the plan assets - 13.39 - 13.39 Fair value of the plan assets - 13.39 - 13.39 (iii) Defined benefit obligations cost for the year: For the year ender March 31, 2025 | Remeasurements | | |
| Payment from plan: - 5.94 Benefit payments - - Obligations at year end - | Actuarial (gain) / loss from change in demographic assumption/financial assumptions | - | 0.17 |
| Payment from plan: Benefit payments -< | | | |
| Benefit payments - - Obligations at year end - - (ii) Assets and Liabilities recognized in the Balance Sheet - | Amount recognised in other comprehensive income | - | 5.94 |
| Benefit payments - - Obligations at year end - - (ii) Assets and Liabilities recognized in the Balance Sheet - | Payment from plan: | | |
| Obligations at year end . 13.39 (ii) Assets and Liabilities recognized in the Balance Sheet Asset | | - | _ |
| As at March 31, 2025 March 31, 2026 March 31, 2025 March 31, 2026 March 31, 2025 March 31, 2026 | | - | 13.39 |
| Amount recognized as Liability - 13.39 (iii) Defined benefit obligations cost for the year: For the year ended March 31, 2025 March 31, 2025 March 31, 2025 March 31, 2024 Service Cost - Current - 7.45 Actuarial (gain) / loss - 5.94 Net defined benefit obligations cost - 13.39 (iv) Actuarial assumptions: March 31, 2025 March 31, 2024 Discount Rate per annum 0.00% 7.00% Future salary increases 0.00% 10.00% | Present value of the defined benefit obligations | | March 31, 2024 |
| (iii) Defined benefit obligations cost for the year: For the year ended March 31, 2025 Service Cost - Current - 7.45 Actuarial (gain) / loss - 5.94 Net defined benefit obligations cost - 13.39 (iv) Actuarial assumptions: March 31, 2025 March 31, 2025 Discount Rate per annum 0.00% 7.00% Future salary increases 0.00% 10.00% | Fair value of the plan assets | - | - |
| For the year ended March 31, 2025 March 31, 2026 Future salary increases | Amount recognized as Liability | <u> </u> | 13.39 |
| For the year ended March 31, 2025 X-45 X-5 X-94 | (iii) Defined benefit obligations cost for the year: | | |
| Service Cost - Current Rection of the service Cost - Current Rec | (, | For the year | r ended |
| Actuarial (gain) / loss 5.94 Net defined benefit obligations cost 5.94 (iv) Actuarial assumptions: March 31, 2025 March 31, 2025 Discount Rate per annum 0.00% 7.00% Future salary increases 0.00% 10.00% | | | |
| Net defined benefit obligations cost - 13.39 (iv) Actuarial assumptions: March 31, 2025 March 31, 2024 Discount Rate per annum 0.00% 7.00% Future salary increases 0.00% 10.00% | | - | |
| March 31, 2025 March 31, 2024 Discount Rate per annum 0.00% 7.00% Future salary increases 0.00% 10.00% | | | |
| March 31, 2025 March 31, 2024 Discount Rate per annum 0.00% 7.00% Future salary increases 0.00% 10.00% | Net defined benefit obligations cost | | 13.39 |
| Discount Rate per annum 0.00% 7.00% Future salary increases 0.00% 10.00% | (iv) Actuarial accumptions: | | |
| Future salary increases 0.00% 10.00% | (iv) Actuariai assumptions. | | |
| ••••• | (iv) Actualiai assumptions. | | |
| Attrition rate 0.00% 6.00% | | | 7.00% |
| | Discount Rate per annum | 0.00% | 7.00% |

Note: Estimate of future increase considered in actuarial valuation takes account of inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors such as supply and demand in the employment market.

Note: No employee is empoyeed during the financial year 2024-25, therefore there is no provision is taken in the books.

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Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2025

(All amounts in INR Lakh, unless otherwise stated)

(v) Sensitivity Analysis

The sensitivity of defined benefit obligation to changes in the weighted principal assumptions is

| | Change in A | ssumption | | Increase in A | Assumption | | Decrease in As | sumption |
|-------------------------|-------------|-----------|-------------|---------------|------------|-------------|----------------|-----------|
| | March 31, | March 31, | Impact | March 31, | March 31, | Impact | March 31, | March 31, |
| _ | 2025 | 2024 | | 2025 | 2024 | | 2025 | 2024 |
| Discount Rate per annum | 0.00% | 0.50% | Decrease by | - | (0.83) | Increase by | - | 0.92 |
| Future salary increases | 0.00% | 0.50% | Increase by | - | 0.89 | Decrease by | - | (0.81) |

The above sensitivity analysis is based on a change in assumption while holding all the other assumptions constant. In practice, this is unlikely to occur, and change in some of the assumptions may be correlated. When calculating the sensitivity of the defined benefit obligation to significant actuarial assumptions the same method (present value of the defined benefit obligation calculated with the projected unit credit method at the end of the reporting period) has been applied as when calculating the defined benefit liability recognised in balance sheet.

(vi) Risk exposure

The gratuity scheme is a final salary Defined Benefit Plan that provides for lump sum payment made on exit either by way of retirement, death, disability, voluntary withdrawal. The benefits are defined on the basis of final salary and the period of service and paid as lump sum at exit. The plan design means the risk commonly affecting the liabilities and the financial results are expected to be:

- (a) Interest rate risk: The defined benefit obligation calculated uses a discount rate based on government bonds, if bond yield fall, the defined benefit obligation will tend to increase
- (b) Salary inflation risk: Higher than expected increases in salary will increase the defined benefit obligation.
- (c) Demographic risk: This is the risk of variability of results due to unsystematic nature of decrements that include mortality, withdrawal, disability and retirement. The effect of these decrements on the defined benefit obligation is not straight forward and depends upon the combination of salary increase, discount rate and vesting criteria. It is important not to overstate withdrawals because in the financial analysis the retirement benefit of a short career employee typically costs less per year as compared to long service employee.

vii) Defined benefit liability and employer contributions

Weighted average duration of the defined benefit obligation is 10 years (March 31, 2024: 10 years)

Expected benefit payments are as follows:

| | Less than a | Between | Between | Over 5 years | Total |
|--|-------------|-----------|-----------|--------------|-------|
| | year | 1-2 years | 2-5 years | | |
| Defined benefit obligation (gratuity) | - | - | - | - | - |
| 31-Mar-24 Defined benefit obligation (gratuity) | 0.07 | 0.28 | 8.37 | 33.56 | 42.28 |

B. Defined Contribution Schemes

The Company deposits an amount determined at a fixed percentage of basic pay every month to the State administered Provident Fund, Employee State Insurance (ESI) and Social Insurance for the benefit of the employees.

Amount recognised in the Statement of Profit & Loss is as follows (refer note 24):

Provident fund paid to the authorities Employee state insurance paid to the authorities

| For the year ended | | | | |
|--------------------|----------------|--|--|--|
| March 31, 2025 | March 31, 2024 | | | |
| 0.14 | 16.96 | | | |
| 0.01 | 2.76 | | | |
| 0.15 | 19.72 | | | |

19. Other current liabilities

Statutory dues Advances received from customers

| March 31, 2025 | March 31, 2024 |
|----------------|----------------|
| 0.36 | 135.79 |
| - | 22.00 |
| 0.36 | 157.79 |
| | |

CIN: U74899MH1985PLC285656

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2025 (All amounts in INR Lakh, unless otherwise stated)

| 20. Other income | For the year | r ended |
|--|----------------|----------------|
| | March 31, 2025 | March 31, 2024 |
| Interest income | 0.20 | - |
| Total | 0.20 | - |
| 21. Depreciation and amortization expense | For the year | r ended |
| · | March 31, 2025 | March 31, 2024 |
| Depreciation and impairment on property, plant and equipment * | 1.34 | 1.34 |
| Amortisation and impairment on other intangible assets** | 2.20 | 2.20 |
| Total | 3.54 | 3.54 |
| * Refer Note 3 | | |
| ** Refer Note 4 | | |
| 22. Finance costs | For the year | r ended |
| | March 31, 2025 | March 31, 2024 |
| Interest on loan from related parties | 32.80 | |
| Total | 32.80 | - |
| 23. Other expenses | For the year | r ended |
| | March 31, 2025 | March 31, 2024 |
| Security service charges | 6.91 | 6.63 |
| Audit fees | 0.50 | 0.85 |
| Software ERP Subcription Charges | 0.77 | 1.79 |
| | 8.18 | 9.27 |
| 24. Income tax expense | For the year | r ended |
| | March 31, 2025 | March 31, 2024 |
| (a) Income tax expense | | |
| Current tax | _ | - |
| Total current tax expense | - | - |
| Deferred tax (Refer note 8) | | |
| Total deferred tax expense/ (benefit) | 15.71 | 348.52 |
| Unrecognised deferred tax assets | (15.71) | (348.52) |
| Total tax expense | - | - |
| (b) Reconciliation of tax expense with effective tax rate | | |
| | For the year | |
| | March 31, 2025 | March 31, 2024 |
| Profit/ (loss) from continuing operations before income tax expense | (63.69) | (1,385.95) |
| Tax at the rate of 25.168% (PY - March 31, 2024 - 25.168%) | (16.03) | (348.82) |
| Tax effect of amounts which are not deductible/(taxable) in calculating taxable income | 0.32 | 0.30 |
| Unrecognised deferred tax assets | 15.71 | 348.52 |
| Income tax expense | - | - |

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Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2025

(All amounts in INR Lakh, unless otherwise stated)

25. Discontinued operations

Pursuant to a special resolution passed u/s 180(1)(a) of the Companies Act 2013 at the Extra Ordinary General Meeting held on March 28, 2024, a substantial portion of the property, plant and equipment related to the sheet metal pressed components business was sold in the previous financial year, i.e. year ended March 2024, to its holding company (SAMIL) as part of restructuring of the business activities of the Company.

During the year, residual operations relating to the said sheet metal pressed components business were carried out comprising primarily of sale of opening inventory and related activities, other connected activities that rolled forward from the previous year. The agreement for the factory premises taken on rent operated up to 30 June 2024 and terminated thereafter.

The results of the current financial year insofar as operations of the said business are concerned, have been presented as discontinued operations in the financial statements

The financial performance of the discontinued operations for the year ended March 31,2025 is given below with corresponding figures of the previous for comparison:

| comparison: | | | |
|--|---|---|--|
| | For the year | | |
| Revenue from discontinuing operations | March 31, 2025 | March 31, 2024 | |
| Revenue from contract with customers | 419.29 53.26 | 3,673.54 293.29 | |
| Other operating revenue Revenue from operations | 472.55 | 3,966.83 | |
| Other Income | 472.33 | 15.39 | |
| Profit on sale of property, plant and equipment | _ | 1.33 | |
| Insurance claim | _ | 60.01 | |
| Other Income | | 76.73 | |
| Total income | 472.55 | 4,043.56 | |
| | | .,010100 | |
| Cost of materials consumed | - | 2,722.42 | |
| Purchase of stock-in-trade | 108.54 | , = | |
| (Increase)/ decrease in inventories of finished goods, work-in-progress and traded goods | 250.53 | (250.53) | |
| Employee benefit expense | 1.09 | 364.07 | |
| Depreciation and amortization expense | - | 1,155.77 | |
| Finance costs | 3.54 | 75.80 | |
| Other expenses | 128.21 | 1,349.09 | |
| Total expenses | 491.92 | 5,416.62 | |
| Profit/(loss) before tax for the period | (19.37) | (1,373.06) | |
| Tax expenses/ (credit) | - | | |
| Profit/(loss) for the period | (19.37) | (1,373.06) | |
| Net cash flow attributable to discontinued operations: | | | |
| Particulars | March 31, 2025 | March 31, 2024 | |
| Net cash generated from / (used in) operating activities | 122.25 | (304.39) | |
| Net cash used in investing activities | 122.20 | (4.53) | |
| Net cash used in mostling activities Net cash generated from financing activities | (1 101 27) | 1,292.42 | |
| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | (1,101.27) | | |
| Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents | (979.02) | 983.50 | |
| Revenue from operations | For the year ended | | |
| a. Revenue from contract with customers | March 31, 2025 | March 31, 2024 | |
| Type of revenue | | | |
| Sale of goods | 404.10 | 3,668.57 | |
| Sale of tools | 15.19 | 4.97 | |
| Total revenue from contract with customers | 419.29 | 3,673.54 | |
| Within India | 419.29 | 3,673.54 | |
| Outside India | -10.20 | 0,070.04 | |
| Total gross sales | 419.29 | 3,673.54 | |
| b. Other operating revenue: | | | |
| Scrap sales | 10.00 | 293.29 | |
| | 70 Q6 | | |
| · | 40.96 12.30 | | |
| Provision / liabilities no longer required, written back | 12.30 | | |
| Provision / liabilities no longer required, written back | 12.30 53.26 | 293.29 | |
| · | 12.30 | | |
| Provision / liabilities no longer required, written back | 12.30 53.26 | 293.29 3,966.83 | |
| Provision / liabilities no longer required, written back Total Revenue from operations Changes in inventory of finished goods, work in progress and stock in trade | 12.30 53.26 472.55 | 293.29 3,966.83 | |
| Provision / liabilities no longer required, written back Total Revenue from operations Changes in inventory of finished goods, work in progress and stock in trade (Increase)/ decrease in stocks | 12.30 53.26 472.55 For the year March 31, 2025 | 293.29 3,966.83 | |
| Provision / liabilities no longer required, written back Total Revenue from operations Changes in inventory of finished goods, work in progress and stock in trade (Increase)/ decrease in stocks Opening stock of raw materials | 12.30 53.26 472.55 | 293.29 3,966.83 r ended March 31, 2024 | |
| Provision / liabilities no longer required, written back Total Revenue from operations Changes in inventory of finished goods, work in progress and stock in trade (Increase)/ decrease in stocks | 12.30 53.26 472.55 For the year March 31, 2025 | 293.29 3,966.83 r ended March 31, 2024 - (183.59) | |
| Provision / liabilities no longer required, written back Total Revenue from operations Changes in inventory of finished goods, work in progress and stock in trade (Increase)/ decrease in stocks Opening stock of raw materials Closing stock of raw materials | 12.30 53.26 472.55 For the year March 31, 2025 | 293.29 3,966.83 r ended March 31, 2024 | |
| Provision / liabilities no longer required, written back Total Revenue from operations Changes in inventory of finished goods, work in progress and stock in trade (Increase)/ decrease in stocks Opening stock of raw materials Closing stock of raw materials Opening stock of finished goods | 12.30 53.26 472.55 For the year March 31, 2025 | 293.29 3,966.83 r ended March 31, 2024 (183.59) (183.59) | |
| Provision / liabilities no longer required, written back Total Revenue from operations Changes in inventory of finished goods, work in progress and stock in trade (Increase)/ decrease in stocks Opening stock of raw materials Closing stock of raw materials | 12.30 53.26 472.55 For the year March 31, 2025 183.59 11.81 | 293.29 3,966.83 r ended March 31, 2024 (183.59) (183.59) - (11.81) | |
| Provision / liabilities no longer required, written back Total Revenue from operations Changes in inventory of finished goods, work in progress and stock in trade (Increase)/ decrease in stocks Opening stock of raw materials Closing stock of raw materials Opening stock of finished goods | 12.30 53.26 472.55 For the year March 31, 2025 183.59 | 293.29 3,966.83 r ended March 31, 2024 (183.59) (183.59) | |
| Provision / liabilities no longer required, written back Total Revenue from operations Changes in inventory of finished goods, work in progress and stock in trade (Increase)/ decrease in stocks Opening stock of raw materials Closing stock of raw materials Opening stock of finished goods | 12.30 53.26 472.55 For the year March 31, 2025 183.59 11.81 | 293.29 3,966.83 r ended March 31, 2024 (183.59) (183.59) - (11.81) | |
| Provision / liabilities no longer required, written back Total Revenue from operations Changes in inventory of finished goods, work in progress and stock in trade (Increase)/ decrease in stocks Opening stock of raw materials Closing stock of raw materials Opening stock of finished goods Closing stock of finished goods | 12.30 53.26 472.55 For the year March 31, 2025 183.59 | 293.29 3,966.83 r ended March 31, 2024 (183.59) (183.59) - (11.81) | |
| Provision / liabilities no longer required, written back Total Revenue from operations Changes in inventory of finished goods, work in progress and stock in trade (Increase)/ decrease in stocks Opening stock of raw materials Closing stock of raw materials Opening stock of finished goods Closing stock of finished goods Opening stock of Work-in-progress | 12.30 53.26 472.55 For the year March 31, 2025 183.59 | 293.29 3,966.83 r ended March 31, 2024 (183.59) (183.59) - (11.81) (11.81) | |

(All amounts in INR Lakh, unless otherwise stated)

| Employee benefit expenses | For the yea | r ended |
|--|----------------|-----------------|
| | March 31, 2025 | March 31, 2024 |
| Salary, wages & bonus Contribution to provident & other funds | 0.94 0.15 | 283.40 19.72 |
| Gratuity (Refer note 18) | 0.13 - | 7.45 |
| Staff welfare expenses | | 53.50 |
| Total | 1.09 | 364.07 |
| Finance costs | For the yea | r ended |
| | March 31, 2025 | March 31, 2024 |
| Interest on loan from related parties | 3.54 | 75.80 |
| Total | 3.54 | 75.80 |
| Other expenses | For the yea | |
| Repairs and maintenance: | March 31, 2025 | March 31, 2024 |
| Machinery | 0.03 | 16.39 |
| Building | 3.20 | 3.22 |
| Others | 0.22 | 22.02 |
| Power and fuel | 4.80 | 62.80 |
| Subcontract charges Rent | 54.94 10.25 | 972.93 52.88 |
| Rates & taxes | 0.80 | 1.32 |
| Insurance | 0.59 | 4.25 |
| Printing and stationery | 0.15 | 2.39 |
| Security service charges | 3.77 | 17.38 |
| Travelling and conveyance | 0.41 | 4.27 |
| Freight & forwarding | 2.12 | 41.78 |
| GST expenses Bank charges | 14.42 0.72 | 0.03 |
| Donation | 0.17 | 0.03 |
| Consumption of stores and spare parts | 2.04 | 67.05 |
| Provision for doubtful debts | 11.67 | - |
| Legal & professional expenses | 8.73 | 1.43 |
| Loss of inventory due to flood | - | 70.36 |
| Assets less than INR 5000 written off Provision for advance to suppliers | - 4.46 | 2.60 |
| Miscellaneous expenses | 4.72 | 5.89 |
| Total | 128.21 | 1,349.09 |
| 26. Earnings per share | | |
| (i) Continuing operations | March 31, 2025 | March 31, 2024 |
| Net profit/(loss) after tax available for equity Shareholders | (44.32) | (18.83) |
| Weighted average number of equity shares used to compute basic earnings per share | 24,99,650 | 24,99,650 |
| Basic earnings per share (absolute figures) | (1.77) | (0.75) |
| Diluted earnings per share (absolute figures) | (1.77) | (0.75 |
| (ii) Discontinued operations | | |
| Net profit after tax available for equity Shareholders | (19) | (1,373 |
| Weighted Average number of equity shares used to compute basic earnings per share | 24,99,650 | 24,99,650 |
| Basic earnings per share (absolute figures) | (0.77) | (54.93 |
| Diluted earnings per share (absolute figures) | (0.77) | (54.93 |
| (iii) Earnings per share for continuing and discontinued operations | | |
| Net profit after tax available for equity Shareholders | (63.69) | (1,391.89 |
| Weighted average number of equity shares used to compute basic earnings per share | 24,99,650 | 24,99,650 |
| Basic earnings per share (absolute figures) | (2.55) | (55.68) |
| Diluted earnings per share (absolute figures) | (2.55) | (55.68) |
| The Company does not have any potential equity shares and thus, weighted average number of | ` , | ` ' |

The Company does not have any potential equity shares and thus, weighted average number of shares for computation of basic EPS and diluted EPS remains same.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2025

(All amounts in INR Lakh, unless otherwise stated)

27. Fair value measurements

| Financial instruments by category | | M | _ | | M | 004 | | |
|-----------------------------------|-------|----------------|----------------|-------|----------------|----------------|--|--|
| | | March 31, 2025 | | | March 31, 2024 | | | |
| | FVTPL | FVTOCI | Amortised Cost | FVTPL | FVTOCI | Amortised Cost | | |
| Financial assets | | | | | | | | |
| Non-current | | | | | | | | |
| Other financial assets | - | _ | 1.18 | - | _ | 49.71 | | |
| Current | | | | | | | | |
| Trade receivables* | _ | _ | 5.69 | - | - | 663.67 | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents* | - | _ | 19.33 | - | _ | 998.35 | | |
| Other financial assets* | - | _ | _ | - | _ | 60.02 | | |
| Total financial assets | | - | 26.20 | - | - | 1,771.75 | | |
| Financial Liabilities | | | | | | | | |
| Non-current | | | | | | | | |
| Borrowings | _ | _ | 300.00 | - | - | 620.00 | | |
| Current | | | | | | | | |
| Borrowings* | - | _ | - | - | - | 680.00 | | |
| Trade payable* | - | _ | 2.49 | - | - | 690.39 | | |
| Other financial liabilities* | - | _ | 3.29 | - | - | 79.14 | | |
| Total financial liabilities | - | _ | 305.78 | _ | - | 2.069.53 | | |

^{*} The carrying amounts of trade receivables, cash and cash equivalents, other financial assets, short term borrowings, trade payables and other financial liabilities are considered to be the same as fair value due to their short term maturities.

| Fair value of non current financial assets and liabilities | as massured at amorticed cost |
|--|-------------------------------|

| | March 31, 2025 | | March | 31, 2024 | | |
|-----------------------|----------------|--------|--------|----------|--|------------|
| | Carrying | | | , , | | Fair value |
| | amount | | amount | | | |
| nancial Assets | | | | | | |
| her financial assets* | 1.18 | 1.18 | 49.71 | 49.71 | | |
| | 1.18 | 1.18 | 49.71 | 49.71 | | |
| ancial Liabilities | | | | | | |
| owings* | 300.00 | 300.00 | 620.00 | 620.00 | | |
| | 300.00 | 300.00 | 620.00 | 620.00 | | |

^{*} The fair value of non-current financial instruments carried at amortised cost is substantially same as their carrying amount.

ii. Valuation technique used to determine fair value

The fair value of other financial assets carried at amortized cost is calculated using discounted cash flow method.

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Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2025

(All amounts in INR Lakh, unless otherwise stated)

A. Disaggregated revenue information:

28. Segment Information:

Customer 1

Description of segments and principal activities

The Company is primarily in the business of manufacture and sale of components to automotive original equipment manufacturers.

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting to the Chief Operating Officer "COO" of the Company. The COO is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments . The Company has monthly review and forecasting procedure in place and COO reviews the operations of the Company as a whole, hence there are no reportable segments as per Ind AS 108 "Operating Segments".

March 31, 2025

March 31, 2025

150.17

March 31, 2024

March 31, 2024

| i) Revenue from external customers | 440.00 | 0.070.54 |
|--|--|--|
| India Outside India | 419.29 | 3,673.54 |
| Outside IIIdia | 419.29 | 3,673.54 |
| | | |
| Type of goods or services | March 31, 2025 | March 31, 2024 |
| Sale of goods | 404.10 | 3,668.57 |
| Sale of tools | 15.19 | 4.97 |
| Total revenue from contract with customers | 419.29 | 3,673.54 |
| Timing of revenue recognition | March 31, 2025 | March 31, 2024 |
| | | |
| Transferred at a point in time | 419.29 | 3,073.54 |
| • | 419.29 | , |
| Transferred over time | 419.29 - 419.29 | 3,673.54 293.29 3,966.83 |
| Transferred over time Total revenue from contract with customers ii) Segment Assets Total of non-current assets other than financial instruments, non-current tax assets and deferred | 419.29 | 293.29 3,966.83 |
| Transferred over time Total revenue from contract with customers ii) Segment Assets Total of non-current assets other than financial instruments, non-current tax assets and deferred | 419.29 | 293.29 3,966.83 |
| Transferred over time Total revenue from contract with customers ii) Segment Assets Total of non-current assets other than financial instruments, non-current tax assets and deferred below: | 419.29 It tax assets broken down by location | 293.29 3,966.83 n of the assets, is shown March 31, 2024 |
| Transferred over time Total revenue from contract with customers ii) Segment Assets Total of non-current assets other than financial instruments, non-current tax assets and deferred below: India | 419.29 It tax assets broken down by location March 31, 2025 | 293.29 3,966.83 n of the assets, is shown March 31, 2024 |
| Transferred over time Total revenue from contract with customers ii) Segment Assets Total of non-current assets other than financial instruments, non-current tax assets and deferred below: India | 419.29 It tax assets broken down by location March 31, 2025 | 293.29 3,966.83 n of the assets, is shown March 31, 2024 24.86 |
| Transferred over time Total revenue from contract with customers ii) Segment Assets Total of non-current assets other than financial instruments, non-current tax assets and deferred below: India | 419.29 d tax assets broken down by location March 31, 2025 21.32 | 293.29 3,966.83 n of the assets, is shown |
| Transferred at a point in time Transferred over time Total revenue from contract with customers ii) Segment Assets Total of non-current assets other than financial instruments, non-current tax assets and deferred below: India Outside India iii) Capital expenditure | ### ################################## | 293.29 3,966.83 n of the assets, is shown March 31, 2024 24.86 24.86 |

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Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2025

(All amounts in INR Lakh, unless otherwise stated)

29. Financial risk management

The Company is supplier for the automobile industry exposes its business and products to various market risks, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Company's decentralised management structure with the main activities in the plant make necessary organised risk management system. The regulations, instructions, implementation rules and in particular, the regular communication throughout the tightly controlled management process consisting of planning, controlling and monitoring collectively form the risk management system used to define, record and minimise operating, financial and strategic risks. Below notes explain the sources of risks in which the Company is exposed to and how it manages the risks.

Price risk:

Fluctuation in commodity price in global market affects directly and indirectly the price of raw material and components used by the Company in its various products segment. Over the years, the Company has developed strong relationships with its suppliers and is also able to leverage the global relationships of its shareholders which further help in controlling prices to a certain extent.

During the financial year 2023-24 the main objects clause of the Company was modified to include:

"To carry on the business of manufacturing, importing, exporting, contractors, sub-contractors for sheet metal pressed components, parts and assemblies, manufacturing of pressed tools and dies for heavy or light weight vehicles for automobile and general industry

In the previous financial year the company created an infrastructure and carried out certain manufacturing operations and related activities in line with the above objectives; the key raw material for the Company's products were metal sheets, metal chips and metal coils made of steel and had an arrangement with major customers for actualisation of raw material price variations periodically. The Company regularly takes initiatives like VA-VE (value addition, value engineering) to reduce costs

Towards the end of the previous year (i,e FY 2023-24) the company decided to discontinue with these specific manufacturing activities and disposed off a substantial portion of its plant and machinery related to such manufacturing and to explore other business opportunities which have good potential in similar or different line of

Foreign currency risk:

Since there are no transactions in foreign currency, no disclosure regarding foreign currency risk management is considered necessary.

Interest rate risk:

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of the financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company's main interest rate risk arises from long-term borrowings with variable rates, which exposes the Company to cash flow interest rate risk. During the year ended March 31, 2024 and March 31, 2023, the Company's borrowings at variable rate were mainly denominated in INR.

(i) Interest rate risk exposure

The exposure of the Company's borrowing to interest rate changes at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

| | March 31, 2025 | March 31, 2024 |
|--------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| Variable rate borrowings | 300.00 | 1,300.00 |
| Fixed rate borrowings | | <u> </u> |
| Total borrowings | 300.00 | 1,300.00 |

An analysis by maturities is provided in Note (E (i)) Maturities of financial liabilities below.

(ii) Sensitivity analysis

For floating rate liabilities, the analysis is prepared assuming the amount of the liability outstanding at the end of the reporting period was outstanding for the whole

| | Impact on pro | ofit after tax |
|---|----------------|----------------|
| | March 31, 2025 | March 31, 2024 |
| Interest rates-increase by 50 basis points* | (16.50) | (71.50) |
| Interest rates-decrease by 50 basis points* | 16.50 | 71.50 |

^{*} Holding all other variables constant

(All amounts in INR Lakh, unless otherwise stated)

D Credit risk:

The credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations towards the Company and arises principally from the Company's receivables from customers and deposits with banking institutions. The maximum amount of the credit exposure is equal to the carrying amounts of these receivables.

Trade receivables:

The Company has developed guidelines for the management of credit risk from trade receivables. The Company's primary customers are major Indian automobile manufacturers (OEMs) with good credit ratings. Non-OEM clients are subjected to credit assessments as a precautionary measure, and the adherence of all clients to payment due dates is monitored on an on-going basis, thereby practically eliminating the risk of default and impairment.

Financial instruments and cash deposits:

E Liquidity risk:

The liquidity risk encompasses any risk that the Company cannot fully meet its financial obligations. To manage the liquidity risk, cash flow forecasting is performed in the operating divisions of the Company and aggregated by Company finance. The Company's finance monitors rolling forecasts of the Company's liquidity requirements to ensure it has sufficient cash to meet operational needs while maintaining sufficient headroom on its undrawn committed borrowing facilities / overdraft facilities at all times so that the Company does not breach borrowing limits or covenants (where applicable) on any of its borrowing facilities.

(i) Maturities of financial liabilities

The tables below analyse the Company's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on their contractual maturities for all non-derivative financial liabilities:

| Year ended March 31, 2025 | Year ended March 31, 2025 Upto 1 year 1 to 5 year | | More than 5 years | Total | |
|----------------------------------|---|--------------|----------------------|----------|--|
| Non-current | | | | | |
| Borrowings | - | 300.00 | - | 300.00 | |
| Lease liabilities (undiscounted) | - | - | - | - | |
| Current | | | | | |
| Borrowings | - | - | - | - | |
| Trade payables | 2.49 | - | - | 2.49 | |
| Lease liabilities (undiscounted) | - | - | - | - | |
| Year ended March 31, 2024 | Upto 1 year | 1 to 5 years | More than 5 years | Total | |
| Non-current | | _ | - | | |
| Borrowings | - | 620.00 | - | 620.00 | |
| Lease liabilities (undiscounted) | _ | _ | - | - | |
| Current | | | | - | |
| Borrowings | 680.00 | - | - | 680.00 | |
| Trade payables | 690.39 | - | - | 690.39 | |
| Lease liabilities (undiscounted) | - | - | - | - | |
| Other financial liabilities | 79.14 | - | - | 79.14 | |
| Total liabilities | 1,449.53 | 620.00 | - | 2,069.53 | |

30. Capital management

(a) Risk management

The primary objective of the company is to maximise the shareholder value by safeguarding their ability to continue as a going concern and maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital. The Company monitors Net Debt to Earnings Before Interest Tax and Depreciation / Amortization (EBITDA) ratio i.e. Net debt (total borrowings net of cash and cash equivalents) divided by EBITDA (Profit before tax plus depreciation and amortization expense plus finance costs).

The Company's strategy is to ensure that the Net Debt to EBITDA is managed at an optimal level considering the above factors. The Net Debt to EBITDA ratios were as follows:

| | March 31, 2025 | March 31, 2024 |
|--|----------------|----------------|
| Debt (refer note 14(a)) | 300.00 | 1,300.00 |
| Less: Cash and cash equivalents (refer note 7) | (19.33) | (998.35) |
| Net debt | 280.67 | 301.65 |
| | | |
| EBITDA | (27.35) | (9.35) |
| | | |
| Net debt to FRITDA | (10.26) | (32.26) |

31. Related party disclosures

I. Related party disclosures, as required by Ind AS 24, "Related Party Disclosures", are given below:

A. Entities having control over the entity
Samvardhana Motherson International Limited (formerly known as Motherson Sumi Systems Limited) (Ultimate Holding Company)
Samvardhana Motherson Innovative Solutions Limited (Holding Company)

B. Fellow subsidiaries
Motherson Technology Service Limited (formerly MothersonSumi Infotech & Designs Limited)
Motherson Auto Solutions Limited

C. Associates and joint ventures NIL

D. Key management personnel (KMP)

Directors
Mr. Navarathna Ranganath Rao Sumanth
Mr. Vishal Swarupshyam Kabadi
Mr. Ghanshyam Kamath Kundapur

II. Details of transactions, in the ordinary course of business at commercial terms, and balances with related parties as mentioned in 32 (I) above:

(a) Transactions with related parties

| Particulars | A. Entities having control over the entity | B. Fellow subsidiaries | Total | A. Entities having control over the entity | B. Fellow subsidiaries | Total | |
|---|--|---------------------------|--------------------|--|---------------------------|-------------|--|
| | | 31-Mar-25 | | 31-Mar-24 | | | |
| Transactions during the year | | | | | | | |
| Term loan Received Samvardhana Motherson International Limited (formerly Motherson Sumi Systems Limited) Motherson Auto Solutions Limited | - | - 300.00 | - 300.00 | 1,300.00 | - | 1,300.00 | |
| Term Ioan Repaid Motherson Techno Tools Limited Samwardhana Motherson International Ltd, (formerly Motherson Sumi Systems Limited) Motherson Advanced Tooling Solutions Limited | - 1,300.00 - | - - - | - 1,300.00 - | - - - | - - - | - - - | |
| Interest on Ioan Samvardhana Motherson International Limited (formerly Motherson Sumi Systems Limited) Motherson Auto Solutions Limited | 32.68 | - 3.65 | 32.68 3.65 | 75.80 - | - | 75.80 - | |
| Information Technology related cost Motherson Technology Service Limited (former Motherson Sumi Infotech & Desians Limited) | 0.29 | - | 0.29 | - | - | - | |
| Construction of factory building Systematic Conscom Ltd | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Purchase of property, plant and equipment Motherson Technology Service Limited (formerly Motherson Sumi Infotech & Designs Limited) | - | - | - | - | 63.00 | 63.00 | |
| Consultancy expenses Samvardhana Motherson International Limited (formerly Motherson Sumil Systems Limited) Motherson Air Travel Agencies Ltd | - | - | - | 0.15 | - | 0.15 | |
| Purchase of goods/ services Samvardhana Motherson International Limited (formerly Motherson Sumi Systems Limited) Motherson Technology Service Limited (formerly Motherson Sumi Infotech & Designs Limited) | 45.80 - | - | 45.80 | 39.50 | - | 39.50 | |
| Reimbursement given Samvardhana Motherson International Limited (formerly Motherson Sumi Systems Limited) | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Computer and software charges Motherson Technology Service Limited (formerly Motherson Sumi Infotech & Desians Limited) | - | - | - | - | 0.27 | 0.27 | |
| Sale of property, plant and equipment Samvardhana Motherson International Limited (formerly Motherson Sumi Svstems Limited) | - | - | - | 746.83 | - | - 746.83 | |
| Sales Samvardhana Motherson International Limited (formerly Motherson Sumi Systems Limited) | 321.34 | - | 321.34 | 71.62 | - | 71.62 | |

(b) Balance outstanding as at the year end:

| Particulars | A. Entities having control over the entity | B. Fellow subsidiaries | Total | A. Entities having control over the entity | B. Fellow subsidiaries | Total |
|---|--|---------------------------|-------|--|---------------------------|------------|
| | | 31-Mar-25 | | | 31-Mar-24 | |
| Amounts payable to related parties Motherson Technology Service Limited (formerly Motherson Sumi Infotech & Designs Limited) | - | | - | - | 0.29 | 0.29 |
| Samvardhana Motherson International Limited (formerly Motherson Sumi Systems Limited) Motherson Auto Solutions Limited | | - | - | 80.52 | - | 80.52 |
| Advance paid to related parties Samvardhana Motherson Innovative Solutions Limited | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Amounts receivable from related parties Samvardhana Motherson International Limited (formerly Motherson Sumil Systems Limited) Samvardhana Motherson Innovative Solutions Limited | - | - | - | 17.58 | - | 17.58 - |

(c). Loan and advance to / from related parties

| Particulars | A. Entities having control over the entity | B. Fellow subsidiaries | Total | A. Entities having control over the entity | B. Fellow subsidiaries | Total |
|---|--|---------------------------|-------|--|---------------------------|-------|
| | | 31-Mar-25 | | | 31-Mar-24 | |
| Borrowings | | | | | | |
| Samvardhana Motherson International Limited (formerly | | | | | | |
| Motherson Sumi Systems Limited) | - | | - | | - | · · |
| Motherson Auto Solutions Limited | | 300.00 | | | | |

SAKS ANCILLARIES LIMITED
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Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2025
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32 Analytical ratios

| Ratio | Numerator | Denominator | Current period | Previous period | % change | Reason for variance |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|----------------|-----------------|----------|--|
| Current ratio | Current assets | Current liabilities | 5.01 : 1 | 1.23 : 1 | 306.1% | Variances are mainly due to repayment of short term borrowings and decreased operations. |
| Debt-equity ratio | Total debt | Shareholders' funds | (1.19 : 1) | (6.87 : 1) | -82.7% | Variances are due to combined impact of addition in the borrowings of INR 300 lakh from MASL and repayment of previous year borrowings of INR 1300 lakh to SAMIL. |
| Debt service coverage ratio | Earnings for debt service | Debt service | (0.01 : 1) | - | 100.0% | Variances are due to net impact of decreased in earnings as operations were discontinued and principal repayments of INR 1300 lakh in the FY 2024-25. |
| Return on equity ratio | Net profits after taxes | Average shareholders' funds | 28.81% | -3.80% | -857.7% | Variance due to net impact of: 1. Net loss in current year due to discontinuing the major operations of the Company in FY 2024-25 2. Decrease in average shareholders' equity due to loss in current year |
| Inventory turnover ratio | Cost of goods sold | Average inventory | - | - | - | Refer Note below |
| Trade receivable turnover ratio | Net credit sales | Average trade receivable | - | | - | Refer Note below |
| Trade payable turnover ratio | Net credit purchases | Average trade payables | - | , | - | Refer Note below |
| Net capital turnover ratio | Net sales | Working capital | - | - | - | Refer Note below |
| Net profit ratio | Net profit/ (loss) | Net sales | -15.19% | -37.73% | -59.7% | Variance is due to the net loss in current year as a result of discontinuing the major operations of the Company in FY 2024-25 |
| Return on capital employed ('ROCE') | Earnings before interest and taxes | Capital employed | -58.02% | -117.94% | -50.8% | Variance due combined impact of: 1. Impact of addition in the borrowings of INR 300 lakh from MASL and repayment of previous year borrowings of INR 1300 lakh to SAMIL. 2. Decrease in earnings before interest and tax as a result of discontinuing the major operations of the Company in FY 2024-25 |
| Return on investment | Dividend income | Investment (on which dividend income earned) | - | - | - | NA |

Note: In the view of the fact that a substantial part of the business operations of the Company which commenced in the previous year have been discontinued in the current year, these ratios have no relevance anymore.

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Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2025
(All amounts in INR Lakh, unless otherwise stated)

33. Due to micro and small enterprises

The Company has certain dues to suppliers registered under Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 ('MSMED Act'). The disclosures pursuant to the said MSMED Act is as follows:

| Particulars | March 31, 2025 | March 31, 2024 |
|--|-------------------------|------------------|
| Principal amount due to suppliers registered under the MSMED Act and remaining unpaid | | |
| as at year end | - | 35.93 |
| Interest due to suppliers registered under the MSMED Act and remaining unpaid as at | _ | <u>-</u> |
| year end Principal amounts paid to suppliers registered under the MSMED Act, beyond the | | |
| appointed day during the year | - | - |
| Interest paid, other than under Section 16 of MSMED Act, to suppliers registered under | | |
| the MSMED Act, beyond the appointed day during the year | - | - |
| Interest paid, under Section 16 of MSMED Act, to suppliers registered under the MSMED | _ | _ |
| Act, beyond the appointed day during the year | | |
| Interest due and payable towards suppliers registered under MSMED Act, for payments | - | - |
| Further interest remaining due and payable for earlier years | - | |
| Total = | <u> </u> | 35.93 |
| 34. Disclosure under Ind AS 115 | | |
| | | |
| The Company has adopted Ind AS 115 Revenue from Contracts with Customers w.e.f April C | 01, 2018. | |
| i. Movement of provision | | |
| Opening Balance | - | - |
| Less: Written back | - | - |
| Less: Utilised during the year | - | - |
| Add: Provided at the end of year | 16.13 | |
| Closing balance = | 16.13 | <u>-</u> |
| Segments | March 31, 2025 | March 31, 2024 |
| Revenue by Geography | | |
| In India | 419.29 | 3,673.54 |
| Outside India | - | |
| Total revenue from contract with customers | 419.29 | 3,673.54 |
| Revenue by major product lines | | |
| Sale of product | 404.10 | 3,668.57 |
| Sale of tools | 15.19 | 4.97 |
| Total revenue from contract with customers | 419.29 | 3,673.54 |
| | | |
| Timing of revenue recognition | 440.20 | 2.672.54 |
| At a point in time Over time | 419.29 | 3,673.54 |
| Total revenue from contract with customers | 419.29 | 3,673.54 |
| = | | 5,515.51 |
| iii. Contract Balances | | |
| The following table provides information about receivables and contract liabilities from cor | ntracts with customers. | |
| - | March 31, 2025 | March 31, 2024 |
| Receivables net of allowance for credit impaired (Unconditional right to consideration) | 5.69 | 663.67 |
| | | |
| Contract liabilities | _ | 22.00 |
| Contract natifices | | 22.00 |
| iv. Revenue from contracts with customers | | |
| _ | March 31, 2025 | March 31, 2024 |
| Revenue recognised from | 22.00 | |
| Amounts included in contract liabilities at the beginning of the year | 22.00 | - |
| Revenue recognised from Amounts included in contract liabilities at the beginning of the year | 22.00 | Widi Cii 51, 202 |

35. Other Statutory Information

For and on behalf of the Board

- i. There are no proceedings that have been initiated or pending against the company for holding any Benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act. 1988 and rules thereunder.
- v.The Company has not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding that the Intermediary shall:
- (a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or (b) provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries
- vi.The Company has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Company shall:
- (a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate (b) provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries,
- vii. The Company does not have any such transaction which is not recorded in the books of accounts that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961)
- viii.The Company has not been declared as wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institutions or any other lender
- ix. The Company has not revalued its Property, Plant and equipment (including Right-of-Use Assets) and intangible assets during the year.
- x. The title deed of immovable property disclosed in the financial statements included under Property, Plant and Equipment was held in the name of the Company and during the year the said immovable property has been sold.
- xi.The Company does not have any holding in downstream companies hence compliance with number of layers is not applicable.
- 36. The Company has used accounting software for maintaining its books of account which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has operated throughout the year for all relevant and material transactions recorded in the software. Further, there are no instance of audit trail feature being tampered with.
- 37. Amounts appearing as zero "0" in financials are beloe the rounding off norm adopted by the company.
- 38. Previous year's figures have been re-grouped / re-arranged wherever necessary.

As per our report of even date For R K Khanna & Co. Chartered Accountants FRN: 000033N

Navarathna Ranganath Rao Sumanth Ghanashyam Kamath Kundapur Anbarasan Robin Vipin Bali Director Director Authorised Signatory Partner DIN: 10258250 DIN: 09076606 PAN: AEHPA2481E M.No. 083436 Place Place : Delhi Date : Date :